

County Borough Council

MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY 2021/2022 to 2025/2026

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1. **Introduction**

- 1.1 The Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS), the Council's key financial planning document, is an integral part of the Council's Corporate Business Planning arrangements. The Strategy covers a 5 year period and is updated, reviewed and approved annually by Council. The Strategy will change over time as new opportunities, or policy decisions affect the financial position of the Council.
- 1.2 The MTFS includes a forward look over the next five years to assess the spending requirements the Council is likely to face to deliver its priorities and the level of cuts i.e. reducing or stopping services that will need to be made to ensure the Council can set a balanced budget each year. It provides guidance for officers and Members on the short, medium and longer term financial challenges and enables advance financial planning to be carried out, assisting the Council to understand and meet future demands. Planning now to meet known or anticipated changes in the future provides greater opportunity to phase in the impact of the changes.
- 1.3 The Strategy sets out how the Council will finance its priorities, having regard for the Corporate Plan.

2. Corporate Plan

- 2.1 The Council's response to the Covid-19 pandemic has provided the Council an opportunity to build on the positive work of the past few months to strengthen and modernise the Council, adopting new working practices and challenging how things were done before, in order to map out an ambitious future, create a stronger organisation and to sustain the strong relationships forged with communities and partners.
- This has led to the Corporate Plan being refreshed and enhancing our One Council approach. The Council approved the Corporate Plan 2020-2022 in July 2020 and this sets out the Council's Vision, Values and Outcomes and these are:

Our Core Vision:

Proud Heritage Strong Communities Brighter Future

Our Core Values:

Proud & Trust & Working Fair & Raising Ambitious Together Equitable

Our Outcome Statements:

- Protect and enhance our environment and infrastructure to benefit our communities
- Support a fairer sustainable economy and community
- To enable people to maximise their independence, develop solutions and take an active role in their communities
- An ambitious and innovative council delivering the quality services we know matter to our communities.

3. Revenue Settlement – Recent Trends

- 3.1 2020/2021 revenue settlement was the first year since 2013/2014 that the Council received an increase in the Revenue Support Grant from Welsh Government.
- 3.2 The Council's revenue settlements for the period 2016/2017 to 2020/2021 and forecast of future settlements is shown in Figure 1. This illustrates the actual cash impact and the impact excluding transfers into the settlement for grants and new responsibilities.

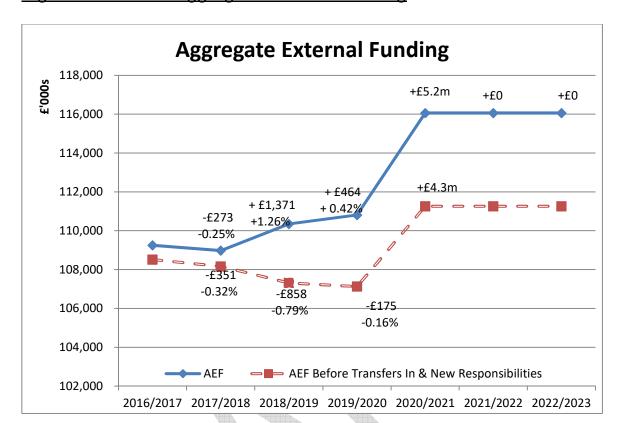


Figure 1: Trend in Aggregate External Funding

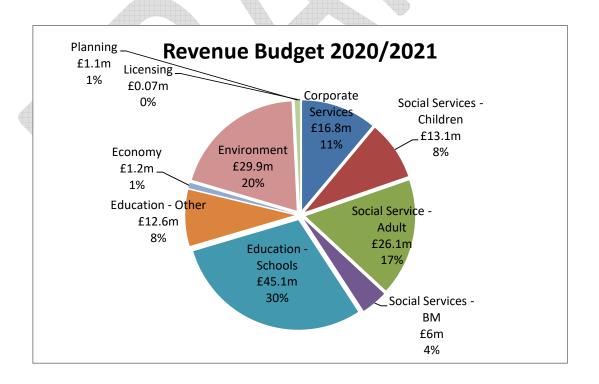
- 3.3 The graph demonstrates that on a cash basis the funding received from Wales Government has increased overall by £6.8m between 2016/17 and 2020/21. However, in real terms, when Grants transferring into the settlement and new responsibilities are excluded, the funding increase is reduced to £3m. However, RSG is still lower in cash terms by £1.1m than in 2013/2014.
- 3.4 This when combined with increased demand for services and increasing costs have contributed to the financial challenge the council has faced in delivering its services to the residents of Blaenau Gwent.

3.5 **2020/2021 Revenue Budget**

The baseline revenue funding the Council received in 2020/2021 from Welsh Government after allowing for transfers was 3.9% (£4.3m). The all Wales increase in the Local Government Settlement was 4.3%.

- 3.7 In setting the 2020/2021 budget, the Council agreed:-
 - All grants transferring into the Settlement would be transferred to the relevant service
 - Additional funding of £2m to be built into the budget, over and above pay and price inflation, to address existing and emerging cost pressures
 - Bridging the Gap proposals of £1.4m
 - A contribution to the General Reserve of £0.2m
 - The creation and contribution to a specific reserve to support medium term financial planning - £1.5m
 - Council Tax increase of 3.9%
 - High level budget for 2021/2022.
- For the current financial year, the Council agreed a net budget requirement of £151.7m. The budget allocation across Portfolios is shown in figure 2 below:

Figure 2: 2020/2021 Revenue Budget per Portfolio



3.9 The graph shown in figure 3 shows the direct costs of delivering services across portfolios.

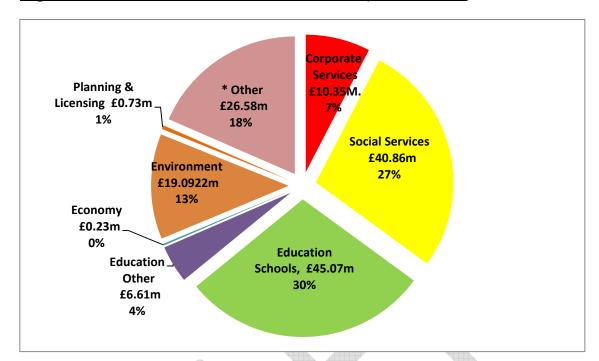


Figure 3: 2020/2021 Direct Service Costs per Portfolio

*Other includes:

- Capital charges £7.3m
- Fire & Apprenticeship Levy £3.7m
- Council Tax Reduction Scheme £9.3m
- IT, Administration Buildings & Insurance £5.2m
- Other £1m
- 3.10 In addition, to the agreed net budget, the Council spends a further £24m per annum to support the delivery of services. The Council receives specific revenue grant to fund this expenditure.

 The assumption within the MTES is that all grants will continue at the
 - The assumption within the MTFS is that all grants will continue at the current level, and any reduction or termination of grant will be offset by a reduction in service expenditure.
- 3.11 Specific revenue grant allocations across Portfolios is shown in figure 4 below and it shows the current grant awards assumed for 2020/2021 as at 2019/2020 levels.

Corporate Economy, £1.96,8% Services £0.58m, 2% **Education -**Other £1.55m 6% **Education -Social Services Schools** £13m £5.9m 54% 24% **Environment**,

Figure 4: Specific Revenue Grant Funding Per Portfolio 2020/2021

3.12 During the first 6 months of 2020/2021, the global Covid-19 pandemic and the required response resulted in significant additional costs and loss of income across the public sector and beyond. The financial impact of Blaenau Gwent's response has been additional costs in excess of £4m up to October 2020 and a reduction in expected income of £0.4m per quarter.

£1.33 m 6%

- 3.12 The Council (and business across the borough) have received significant financial support from Welsh Government to assist with theses financial pressures:
 - Hardship Funding of £3.1m (April to September 2020)
 - Income loss funding for quarter 1 £0.78m
 - CTRS funding for April to September £0.18m
 - Job Retention Scheme funding for the period March to July of £0.33m
 - Business Grants funding £18.3m (up to 24 November 2020)
 - Test, Track and Protect funding of £0.9m (up to March 2021) via Public Health Wales

Central Government has announced a further £260m financial assistance for Welsh Local Government to March 2021 to support additional Covid-19 related expenditure and lost income. However,

there remains uncertainty as to the full financial impact of the pandemic in the medium/long term with no guarantee of funding from WG after March 2021.

4. Review and Update of the MTFS

- 4.1 The MTFS must be regularly reviewed to ensure preparedness from a financial planning perspective. The review will include considering and updating assumptions used in the Strategy to reflect new / emerging information for example inflation, changing demographics, service demand and policy changes and more recently the ongoing financial impact of Covid-19 on service delivery.
- 4.2 The table below identifies the key assumptions included in the MTFS.

Table 1: Key Financial Planning Assumptions

	Financial Planning Key Assumptions				
Pay	Non-Teaching staff - The Chancellor of the Exchequer				
lay	announced of a pay freeze for public sector workers,				
	however pay is determined between the employers				
	and Trade Unions (either nationally or locally).				
	Therefore, being prudent, 2% has been assumed for				
	2021/2022.				
	A pay award of 2% per annum for 2022/2023 onwards				
	Teaching Staff:				
	As non-teaching staff above for 2021/2022. A further				
	3% has been assumed for subsequent academic				
	years.				
	Incremental Pay Progression – the estimated cost of				
	annual pay progression has been applied based on				
	existing staffing				
	Pension – Based on the actuarial revaluation in				
	2019/2020, LGPS employer pension contributions				
	(non-teaching) will remain cash flat for 2021/2022 and				
	a 1% per annum increase has been recommended				
	and assumed for 2022/2023 onwards.				

	Vacancy Factor of 1.5% has been built into staffing budgets to reflect the financial impact of staff turnover.
Price Inflation (Non Schools)	The Consumer Price Index (CPI) fell from an average 1.5% in March 2020 to 0.5% in May 2020 as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic. As restrictions have been eased, CPI increased to 1% from July 2020.
	Forecasts for the UK economy: A comparison of independent forecasts, suggests CPI to be:
	2021 – 1.5% 2022 onwards – 2.1%
	Given the uncertainty with Covid-19 and the impact of exiting the EU potentially without a trade deal, it is proposed to maintain the annual inflationary increase at 2%.
	Utilities – Based on forecasts provided by Crown Commercial Services for 2021/2022, energy prices are expected to decrease. However, to remain prudent, 2% per annum increase have been assumed.
	Income Inflation – Increase in discretionary fees and charges in line expenditure inflation above.
	Council Tax Reduction Scheme – This has been increased in line with the assumed increase in Council Tax of 4.0%.
Schools Growth (ISB)	No inflationary increase has been applied to the Individual Schools Budget (ISB), it is assumed to be cash flat for the term of the MTFS in line with the assumption for Welsh Government funding.
	Projected increases or decreases in pupil numbers will impact upon the ISB and based on September 2020 data collection and projecting the pupils through the year groups:

	from Primary	Increase / (Decrease) in Pupils (81) (23) (83) 15 e in funding is days to Secondary and sigher for Secondary and sight sigher for Secondary and sight sigher for Secondary and sight sigher for Secondary and sigher for Sec	nd the Age We		
Specific Grant Funding	This has been assumed to remain at the 2019/2020 level (as identified on the Revenue Grants Register). It is assumed that any reduction in funding is offset by a reduction in expenditure. Hardship Funding – It has been assumed that Covid-19 related expenditure will continue to be funded by Welsh Government				
Capital Financing	the schemes with borrowing either USB (Uprudential borcharge will incompose annum from £ still lower than policy of £3.8. The revised North charges to be 2017/2018 to incorporated if the Capital Acabove, the for	MRP policy has reduced by £1: 2021/2022. The into the overall integrated by the control of the c	nt capital progress capital progress schemes funder 22/2023, the Maximately £2.6m (2022). However, ge under the progress of the MRP figure is revenue budgerng into account apact in the Capital Progress of the progress of the progress of the maximater of the Capital Progress of the progress of the progress of the Capital Progress of the Capi	amme, ded from rowing) or IRP per r, this is revious RP period t through the pital	
Council Tax	planning pur	increased by 3. poses, it has be will increase by	een assumed th	nat	

	 (1% increase will generate approximately £354,000 additional funding). No additional funding has been assumed at this stage from an increase in the Council Tax Base for 2021/2022 onwards.
Estimated Funding reduction (Aggregate External Funding)	Welsh Government does not currently provide funding forecasts for future years. 2020/2021 saw an increase of 3.9% (£4.3m) in AEF (after allowing for transfers of grant into the settlement). Following a cash flat budget for 2019/2020. For planning purposes, a cash flat budget for Blaenau Gwent has been assumed for the next 5 years.
Reserves	The financial modelling assumes a minimum contribution to General or specific reserves of £200,000 per annum.

4.3 <u>Medium Term Financial Forecast</u>

4.4 The table below identifies the funding gap after applying the above assumptions to the 2020/2021 approved Estimates.

Table 2: Assessed Budget Gap

	Medium Term Budget Gap				
	2021/2022 £'000	2022/2023 £'000	2023/2024 £'000	2024/2025 £'000	2025/2026 £'000
Draft Expenditure					
Draft Estimates	152,740	157,940	161,120	160,730	162,380
Revenue Grants	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350
Assumed Savings	0	(91)	(3,729)	(1,740)	(1,748)
Adjusted Draft	177,090	182,199	181,741	183,340	184,982
Budget					
Draft Funding					
AEF	116,063	116,063	116,063	116,063	116,063
Council Tax	36,786	38,257	39,788	41,379	43,034
Revenue Grants	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350
Total Draft	177,199	178,670	180,201	181,792	183,447
Funding					
Budget Gap	109	(3,529)	(1,540)	(1,548)	(1,535)
Contribution to	(200)	(200)	(200)	(200)	(200)
Reserves					
Adjusted Funding Gap	(91)	(3,729)	(1,740)	(1,748)	(1,735)

4.5 The table identifies a potential funding gap of £9m over the next 5 years should the Council continue to deliver services in their existing form and before considering cost pressures.

4.6 Additional Costs Built into the MTFS

4.7 The draft estimates have been prepared based on the approved 2020/2021 budget and increased in line with the assumptions included in Table 1, and these costs are detailed in the table below:

Table 3: Estimated Additional Costs Compared to 2019/20 Budget

	2021/2022 £'000	2022/2023 £'000	2023/2024 £'000	2024/2025 £'000	2025/2026 £'000
Pay and Pension Inflation	1,226	1,725	1,745	1,766	1,787
General Inflation –					
Third party Expenditure	1,295	1,320	1,346	1,373	1,400
Fees & Charges	(210)	(214)	(218)	(222)	(226)
Council Tax Reduction Scheme	370	385	400	416	433
Capital Charges	243	1,981	0	0	0

TOTAL	2,924 5,	197 3,273		3,394
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4.8 New and Emerging Cost Pressures

- 4.9 New and emerging Cost Pressures and Growth items have been assumed at £1m per annum for 2022/2023 onwards.
- 4.10 In identifying the Cost Pressures and Growth items for 2021/2022, consideration have been given to:
 - Covid-19 and the potential additional / increased costs arising from the response to the pandemic
 - The impact the pandemic has had on income generation and the achievement of the Bridging the Gap proposals
 - Cost pressures identified as part of the 2020/2021 financial reporting within overspending portfolios
 - Changes in demand for services
 - New services/ responsibilities

4.11 Covid-19 Pandemic

- 4.12 The Council has incurred additional expenditure of £4m for the period April to October 2020 in responding to the pandemic, the majority of which has been funded by the Welsh Government Hardship Fund. However, it is uncertain if these additional costs will continue to be required and there is no guarantee that WG will continue to fund these cost pressures passed March 2021 into 2021/2022.
- 4.13 As a result of the impact the pandemic has had on the economic environment, the Council has seen an increase of 4.5% in new applications for council tax support between March and October 2020. A cost pressure has been included on the Cost Pressure list split between:
 - Covid-19 Pandemic Cost pressure of £350,000 (£29,000 per month) – this relates to the element of the cost pressure currently being funded by the hardship funding
 - Existing Service Cost Pressure of £280,000.
- 4.14 The longer term impact of Covid-19 and exiting the EU without a Trade Deal, upon the wider economy of Blaenau Gwent, Wales and the UK remains uncertain with the risk that applicants will continue to increase following business contracting or failing. Unemployment in Wales increased to 4.6% (as at September 2020) the largest

increase in joblessness in the UK and the end of the Job Retention Scheme in March 2021 may result in a further potential increase in unemployment.

4.15 There has been an impact on the fees & charges collected by the Council, the most significant being within the catering service relating to paid meals (£340,000 for the period April to June 2020). It has been assumed that income levels will return to normal levels of activity for 2021/2022 as services become fully operational, however a number of cost pressures have arisen in particular within the growth strategy areas of the Bridging the Gap proposals for 2020/2021 onwards.

4.16 2020/2021 Cost Pressures

4.17 Current in year cost pressures have been reviewed to assess the likely continuation into 2021/2022. An assessment has also been undertaken to evaluate the portfolios ability to mitigate cost pressures from within existing budgets e.g. budget realignment.

4.18 Service Demand

- 4.19 <u>Education</u> The pupil population data is collected at the end of September. Any increase will require an increase in funding to the Individual School Budget. As identified in Table 1 Key Planning Assumptions, pupil population has declined between September 2019 and September 2020 and the current forecast is that the pupil population will continue to reduce over the medium term. This will have an impact on school funding and the revenue support grant received from Welsh Government in future years.
- 4.20 <u>Social Services (Adults)</u> Expenditure on Community Care increased by 7% (£1.4m) between 2018/2019 and 2019/2020, whilst the number of clients receiving services have been reducing. Between 2016/2017 and 2018/2019, the total clients receiving services reduced by 261 (9.9%). Despite this costs are continuing to increase and this can be attributed to:
 - the annual increase in the minimum living wage (an increased by 11.4% between April 2018 and April 2020),
 - reduction in fees due to an increase in the capital limit for means testing
 - increased complexity of care.

The current level of specific grant funding received / forecast for Social Services (Intermediate Care Fund and Welsh Government Winter pressures funding), are assisting with the management of these increased costs within existing budgets.

- 4.21 <u>Social Services Children's</u> The number of Children Looked After has reduced from 237 to 214, and the number of children in residential care has reduced from 18 to 13 (as at September 2020), this is as a result of the preventative services established over the last few years including the Supporting Change Team and the My Support Team.
- 4.22 The most significant cost pressure within Children's Services is the cost of legal fees, expenditure was £0.78m in 2019/2020, with a potential increase in 2020/2021 (costs incurred for April to September 2020 is £0.55m compared to £0.32m for the same period in 2019/2020).
- 4.23 These costs are currently being managed within the overall budget for the Social Services Portfolio.
- 4.24 <u>Corporate Services Shared Resource Services</u> The Council has recently agreed the Business Case with the SRS and Partners to move to a new data centre with additional revenue costs for the Council is estimated to be £11,000 per annum.
- 4.25 The ICT budget was established with an assumed contribution of £130,000 from reserves and an assumption that efficiencies could be identified over a period of time. However, cost reductions/efficiencies have not materialised to mitigate the reserve funding. Therefore, this has been included as a cost pressure.
- 4.26 Environment Waste and Recycling Services The financial impact of Covid-19 during the current financial year on waste and recycling services, due to the requirement to maintain social distancing requiring additional staffing and vehicles, the suspension of services (bulky waste collection) and loss of income from the sale of recyclate and trade waste has resulted in significant increased costs. The cost pressure has been mitigated through the Welsh Government Hardship fund for 2020/2021. The current MTFS assumes that Covid-19 related expenditure will continue to be funded by WG.

4.27 The cost pressures identified for 2021/2022 is attached at Appendix 1 and the table below shows the impact the non Covid cost pressures have on the funding gap.

Table 4: Assessed Budget Gap including Cost Pressures

	Mad				
	2021/2022 £'000	dium Tern 2022/2023 £'000	2023/2024 £'000	2024/2025 £'000	2025/2026 £'000
Draft Expenditure			_		
Draft Estimates	152,740	160,759	162,122	161,730	163,380
Revenue Grants	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350
Assumed Savings	0	(2,910)	(4,729)	(2,742)	(2,746)
Cost Pressures	2,621	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Growth	198	0	0	0	0
Adjusted Draft Budget	179,909	183,199	182,743	184,338	185,984
Draft Funding					
AEF	116,063	116,063	116,063	116,063	116,063
Council Tax	36,786	38,257	39,788	41,379	43,034
Revenue Grants	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350	24,350
Total Draft	177,199	178,670	180,201	181,792	183,447
Funding					
Budget Gap	(2,710)	(4,529)	(2,542)	(2,546)	(2,537)
Contribution to Reserves	(200)	(200)	(200)	(200)	(200)
Adjusted Funding Gap	(2,910)	(4,729)	(2,742)	(2,746)	(2,737)

- 4.28 The potential funding gap increases to £16m over the next 5 years with the inclusion of cost pressures.
- 4.29 Cost pressures will be reviewed and updated to reflect new /emerging information for example the financial impact of Policy decisions and cost pressures emerging during the current financial year.
- 4.30 If the cost pressures identified as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, estimated at £0.4m per month continue into 2021/2022, and Welsh Government are not in a position to provide financial support, this will impact on the funding gap.

4.31 **Sensitivity Analysis**

4.32 The funding gap identified in table 4 (after allowing for cost pressures), is an indication of the financial challenge facing the Council. The assumptions used in the financial modelling may change over time. The following tables show the impact of changes on the Revenue Support Grant and potential decisions relating to Council Tax levels, pay & funding for Schools.

4.33 Revenue Support Grant (RSG)

4.34 Table 5 below indicates the impact on the funding gap based on a range of scenarios for Welsh Government funding for 2021/2022 as compared to the 2020/2021 base position. (Note: a +/-1% change in WG funding equates to approximately £1.16m).

Table 5: Impact of changes to RSG

	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026
Funding Gap -	£2.9m	£4.7m	£2.7m	£2.7m	£2.7m
Cash Flat (as	W W				
per MTFS)					
Impact on the F	unding Gap	o, with a red	uction of:		
1%	£4.1m	£5.7m	£3.9m	£3.9m	£3.9m
1.5%	£4.7m	£6.4m	£4.4m	£4.4m	£4.4m
2%	£5.2m	£7m	£5m	£5m	£5m
2.5%	£5.8m	£7.6m	£5.6m	£5.6m	£5.6m
3%	£6.4m	£8.2m	£6.2m	£6.2m	£6.2m
Impact on the F	unding Gap	o, with an in	crease of:		
1%	£1.7m	£3.5m	£1.5m	£1.5m	£1.5m
1.5%	£1.2m	£3m	£1m	£1m	£1m
2%	£0.6m	£2.4m	£0.4m	£0.4m	£0.4m
2.5%	(£0.0m)	£1.8m	(£0.2m)	(£0.2m)	(£0.2m)
3%	(£0.5m)	£1.2m	(£0.8m)	(£0.8m)	(£0.8m)
(figures in brack	ets denotes	a surplus)			

4.35 **Council Tax**

4.36 The Council increased Council Tax in 2020/2021 by 3.9%. The Council Tax increase is assumed to be 4% each year through to 2025/2026 in the MTFS. The table below sets out the implications on the Council's resources on a range of scenarios on future changes:

Table 6: Impact of changes to Council Tax Assumptions

Council Tax	2021/2022 £'000	2022/2023 £'000	2023/2024 £'000	2024/2025 £'000	2025/2026 £'000
Increase in Council	1,415	1,471	1,530	1,591	1,655
Tax Yield as per					
MTFS – 4% per					
annum					
Increase in Council	1,415	1,287	1,142	980	804
Tax Yield per year -					
4%; 3.5%; 3%; 2.5%					
2%					
(in respective years)					
Impact on Funding	0	+184	+388	+611	+851
Gap - Increase		A			
3% increase per	1,061	1,093	1,126	1,160	1,194
annum					
Impact on Funding	+354	+378	+404	+431	+461
Gap - Increase	A				
6% increase per	2,122	2,250	2,385	2,528	2,671
annum					
Impact on Funding	-707	-779	-855	-937	-1,016
Gap - Decrease					

4.37 **Pay**

4.38 The MTFS provides for a pay award of 2% per annum totalling £1m for 2021/2022. A change in the assumption would impact as follows:

Table 7: Impact of Changes to Pay Assumptions

Assumption Change	+/-
	£'000
0.5%	250
0.75%	375
1.0%	500
2% (Pay freeze)	1,000

4.39 Individual School Budgets (ISB)

4.40 The MTFS assumes no inflationary increase to the ISB in line with the Welsh Government funding assumption of a cash flat budget. However, at September 2020, there has been an overall decrease in pupil demographics of 81 pupils when compared to September 2019, the will result in a reduction in the funding requirement of £150,000 and this has been included in the assessed funding gap in Table 2.

4.41 The 2020/2021 ISB budget is £45m. A change in the assumption would impact on the funding gap as follows:

Table 8: Impact of changes to ISB Assumptions

Assumption Change	+/-
	£'000
0.5%	225
1%	450
2.0%	900

5. **BRIDGING THE GAP PROGRAMME**

- In recognising the challenges that the Council faces in the short, medium and long term, a programme of Strategic Business Reviews has been developed to deal with potential gaps between anticipated funding and expenditure that aims to build financial resilience. Based on strategic themes our Bridging the Gap programme will identify savings opportunities, potential cost avoidance and new revenue streams. Designed to support a balanced budget it is also focussed on creating the conditions of a commercially minded council. This includes seeking new revenue streams and ensuring resources are aligned to the strategic imperatives of the council. Following year on year funding reductions increasing costs and changes in demand, the Council needs to redesign and reshape services in order to reduce costs and maximise income. The approach has a particular emphasis on:
 - Maximising the potential of income generation and taking a clearly commercial approach where it is appropriate to do so;
 - Re-procurement and re-negotiation of contracts;
 - Exploiting the opportunity that digital transformation can provide;
 - Making best use of our assets and property;
 - Considering what action we can take to influence and reduce demand:
 - Looking for opportunities to support residents to do more for themselves;
 - Exploiting the opportunities to strengthen financial resilience by supporting growth in the borough

- We will continue to ensure we have secured all efficiencies and are practicing robust 'housekeeping' throughout plus seeking potential to work differently through partnership and collaboration.
- In setting the budget for 2020/2021, £1.4m was identified through the strategic business reviews and this was set aside in a specific reserve to support medium term financial planning.
- Appendix 2 provides a summary of the current Strategic Business Reviews, an update on progress and the latest assessment of the estimated financial achievement for 2021/2022 to 2024/2025.
- The Council's income generation ability has been impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic. The current assessment of the range of savings that could be delivered between 2021/2022 and 2024/2025 is between £4.4m and £7.2m, and the impact on the funding gap (after allowing for cost pressures) is shown in the table below.

Table 9: Assessed Budget Gap and the Impact of Bridging the Gap

	Med	dium Tern	n Budget (Gap	
	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	(0.00		(0.7.10)	(0.740)	(2 = 2=)
Adjusted Funding Gap (with Cost pressures)	(2,910)	(4,729)	(2,742)	(2,746)	(2,737)
Low Estimated Achievement - BtG	500	1,173	864	946	946
Adjusted Funding Gap	(2,410)	(3,556)	(1,878)	(1,800)	(1,800)
High Estimated Achievement - BtG	1,000	1,733	1,414	1,546	1,546
Adjusted Funding Gap	(1,910)	(2,996)	(1,328)	(1,200)	(1,200)

As future opportunities are identified through these strategic business reviews the MTFS will be updated to reflect the impact on each financial year. Some of the reviews will inevitable take longer to have

an impact but will potentially yield higher returns in the latter years of this MTFS.

6. MTFS – SCHOOLS

- 6.1 For 2020/2021, the Individual Schools Budget received an uplift of 4.9%, and this was due to a number of specific grants transferring into the settlement to fund teachers' pay award and the employers' pension contribution (£1.075m), growth and cost pressures approved for an increase in the pupil population and the unfunded element of the teachers' pay award (£1.16m).
- The table below highlights the potential cost increases in relation to school expenditure, compared to assumed funding increases over the next 5 years, based on the assumptions identified in table 1 above.

Table 10: Potential Cost Increases for Schools

	40000				
	2021/2022 £'000	2022/2023 £'000	2023/2024 £'000	2024/2025 £'000	2024/2025 £'000
Expenditure					
Pay increases	705	833	858	884	911
Pension Increase –	0	105	110	110	110
APT&C					
Inflation – non pay	199	203	207	211	215
Inflation – Utilities	46	48	50	52	54
Total Expenditure	950	1,189	1,225	1,257	1,290
Increase					
Funding					
Proposed Increase	0	0	0	0	0
in ISB					
Pupil	(150)	50	(213)	125	0
Demographics					
Additional RSG	0	0	0	0	0
(Grants	,				
transferred)					
Total Funding	(150)	50	(213)	125	0
Increase /					
(Reduction)					
Funding Gap	(1,100)	(1,139)	(1,438)	(1,132)	(1,290)

The table indicates that schools are potentially facing financial cost pressures of £1.2m per annum based on an annual cash flat budget for the ISB.

School Balances have been increasing over the last few years, with an overall increase of £271,000 when compared to 2018/2019 and £1m increase when compared to 2017/2018. An analysis across sectors is shown in the table below:

<u>Table 11 – Actual School Balances (Surplus/ (Deficit))</u>

Phase	2016/2017 £'000	2017/2018 £'000	2018/2019 £'000	2019/2020 £'000 (Provisional)
Secondary	325	189	285	336
All Through	128	(847)	(762)	(829)
Primary	552	857	1,285	1,604
Special	(35)	81	245	214
TOTAL	970	280	1,054	1,325

7. Reserves Strategy

- Financial resilience is a Council priority and this includes ensuring that reserves are adequate to be able to respond to unexpected events, emerging need or unforeseen budget pressures.
- 7.2 General reserves are unallocated amounts that enable the Council to meet non-specific and/or unforeseen financial liabilities.
- 7.3 The Council's agreed protocol for the management of general reserves specifies a target level for general reserves of 4% of the last reported actual net revenue expenditure (as included in the Revenue Outturn return).
- The provisional level of the general reserve at 31 March 2020 is £6.348m, an in-year increase during the year of £0.454m. This outturn position represents 4.69% of net revenue expenditure as reported for 2019/20, exceeding the target by 0.69%.
- 7.5 Earmarked reserves are held by the Council to meet potential future expenditure on specifically identified risks, liabilities and commitments.
- 7.6 The Council has an agreed protocol for the establishment, retention, management, review and reporting of earmarked reserves. In addition to the statutory requirements to consider the

adequacy of reserves when setting the budget and the extensive disclosures made in the Statement of Accounts, member scrutiny has been enhanced by the preparation of detailed quarterly monitoring reports. The Chief Officer Resources also holds regular meetings during the year to consider the ongoing requirement and value of earmarked reserves held.

- 7.7 The provisional level of earmarked reserves has declined from £21.437m at 1 April 2012 to £7.7m at 31 March 2020 (a reduction of £13.67m or 63.74%). This decrease in reserves highlights the application of sums for their intended purposes and to some extent the impact of reduced levels of funding for the Authority as a consequence of austerity.
- In setting the 2020/2021 budget, a planned increase in reserves has been agreed with a £200,000 contribution to general reserves together with the establishment of a £1.5m earmarked reserve to support medium term financial planning.
- 7.9 It is the Council's intention to maintain the general reserves at a minimum level of 4% and increase the overall level of reserves over time to support the Council's financial resilience.
- Given the current level of the General Reserve, it is not planned to utilise any of this reserve to balance the annual budget. The continuation of the inclusion of a budget contingency within the annual budget setting process is proposed of £200,000 per annum, to allow the replenishment of the Council's useable reserves.
- 7.11 This would result in an increase to reserves of £1m over the period of the MTFS.

8. RISKS

- The Corporate Plan, MTFS and the Bridging the Gap programme are designed to complement each other. They provide the narrative that describes the outcomes we plan to deliver, the financial envelope we intend to work within, and our approach to deliver a balance budget in 2021/2022 and beyond whilst creating the conditions for improved financial resilience.
- 8.2 The risks identified with the Medium Term Financial Strategy are:

1. Covid-19 Pandemic

There is a risk that the pandemic will continue into the medium/long term, impacting on the delivery of Council services and budgets, and the risk that WG will not continue to provide additional funding into the medium term

There continues to be a significant impact of the pandemic on the economic environment, on businesses and residents living in Blaenau Gwent:

- the highest proportion of employment (65%) is in "covid-19 at risk" business sectors including manufacturing and retail
- 7% of the working age population is claiming unemployment benefits and this is an increase of 3% since the start of the pandemic and remains above the welsh average.

2. Exiting the European Union

There is a risk of a slow-down in the UK economic growth arising from exiting the EU with or without a deal. The impact could include an increase in both costs and demand for services.

The impact on the wider economy will depend to a large extent on the precise terms of the withdrawal agreement, however, the impact of Covid-19 on businesses may result in them not being prepared for the withdrawal from the EU.

It is not considered necessary at this point in time to set aside financial resources in the MTFS to assist in such a scenario. However, this will need to be carefully monitored in the subsequent weeks/months.

3. <u>Uncertainty around future WG Funding levels</u>

The absence of any future year guidance on levels of likely settlement from WG.

4. MTFS Assumptions

The budget gap is based on a number of assumptions and any changes may have a significant impact on the funding gap.

The assumptions are reviewed and any potential changes monitored. Section 4.28 to 4.37 above models the impact on the funding gap for a range of scenarios.

4. Achievement of Bridging the Gap proposals

The achievement of planned savings is monitored as part of the budget monitoring & reporting process. Corrective action is taken where adverse variances are identified.

5. Grant Funding

The MTFS assumes that grant funding remains constant. Any decrease in funding or the termination of grant programmes could have a significant impact for the Council, particularly for those grants that are supporting service provision such as Families First, Flying Start, and ICF etc.

The Society of Welsh Treasurers works closely with the WLGA and Welsh Government to ensure that grants are maintained or transferred into the settlement.

Where grants are reduced, Services will need to ensure that expenditure is reduced in line with the grant.

6. Volume of Demand

Increased demand for services poses significant risks to planning and this will be monitored.

Document History			
Author	Version		Date
G. Taylor	Draft v1	CLT	15 October 2020
G. Taylor	Draft v2	CLT	05 November 2020



MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY 2021/22 TO 2025/26 - COST PRESSURES

APPENDIX 1

PORTFOLIO	SERVICE	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	Comments
EVICTING SERV	#05 000T PD5001P50	£	£	£	£	£	
Corporate Servi	/ICE COST PRESSURES						
Corporate Servi	ICT Council Tax Reduction Scheme	160,000 280,000					Total forecast cost pressure is £650,000, of which £370,000 is included in the Covid-19 Pressures below.
		440,000	-	-	-	-	-
Social Services	Legal Fees - Children's	350,000					-
	Community Care - National Minimum Wage	380,000	400,000				To cover the increase in the Minimum Living Wage over & above inflation and non pay related cost increases.
		730,000	400,000	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Education	Home to School Transport	100,000					Increased number of pupils at Penycwm - impact on Transport
	Schools - Teachers Pay	495,420					Assumed Cash flat ISB
	Schools - Non Teaching Staff Payaward	209,333					Assumed Cash flat ISB
		804,753	0	0	0	0	- -
Environment	Legionella Monitoring	50,000					One member of staff and software (Water quality Report)
	Corporate Landlord	60,000					Ongoing budget shortfall
	Environmental Health	24,000					End of collaboration with Torfaen CBC - remaining cost pressure. Delayed due to interim response to Covid-19, and will be considered as part of SMR2 in due course
	Cwmcrachen Utility Costs	22,000					Improved position compared to 19/20 Investigations into electricity consumption being carried out
	General Offices	23,000					Potential loss of rental income
		179,000	-	-	-	-	-
Economy	Industrial Units	133,000					Reduced income opportunities due to economic uncertainty and increased income target (BtG Strategic Business Review). If target figure is further increased for 2021/2022 budgets, the adverse figure will increase significantly. Budget holder requests target figure for 2021/2022 to freeze.
		133,000	-	-	-	-	. -

Planning

	Review of LDP	66,500	66,500				Delays to producing the new Local Development Plan due to Covid-19 and as a reuslt the shortfall will fall over 2 finanical years
		66,500	66,500	-	-	-	•
Licensing	Fees & Charges	33,000					Cost pressure arising as a result of no increase being approved to the fees charged
		33,000	-	-	-	-	
All Portfolios	Cardiff City Deal Highways Prudential Borrowing funding	34,500 200,000					previous scheme is funded from insurance fund contributions. However, this funding source is no longer sustainable (22 years of repayments remaining, from 30 year PB loan)
		234,500	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL EXISTIN	NG COST PRESSURES	2,620,753	466,500	0	0	0	
ODOMETI (NE)	M DECORONOLDII IEIEO						•
GROWTH / NEV	N RESPONSIBILITIES						
Corporate Serv	SRS - New Data Facility Community Hubs	11,000 120,000			57,000		Business Case developed
		131,000	-	-	57,000	-	•
Education							
	ALN Reform Pupil Population	100,000 (192,000)	45,000	(213,000)	126,000		statutory post currently grant funded
	Pupil Population at Pen y Cwm	42,000					
		(50,000)	45,000	(213,000)	126,000	0	- -
Environment							
Environment							
Environment	Waste Wardens Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley)	67,000 50,000					Ongoing shortfall with management fee, usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable.
Environment	Waste Services - Transfer Station		-	-	-	-	usually covered by in year virements but
ENVIOLIMENT	Waste Services - Transfer Station	50,000	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	usually covered by in year virements but
	Waste Services - Transfer Station	50,000	45,000	-213,000	- 183,000	- 0	usually covered by in year virements but
SUB TOTAL GF	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES	117,000					usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable.
SUB TOTAL GF	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU)	117,000	- 45,000 511,500	-213,000 -213,000	- 183,000 183,000	0	usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable.
SUB TOTAL GF TOTAL COST P BAU - business	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU)	117,000					usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable.
SUB TOTAL GF TOTAL COST P BAU - business	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU) as usual DEMIC COST PRESSURES	117,000 198,000 2,818,753					usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable. Based upon current claimant levels - full
SUB TOTAL GR TOTAL COST P BAU - business COVID-19 PANI	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU) as usual DEMIC COST PRESSURES	117,000 198,000 2,818,753 Per Month					usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable.
SUB TOTAL GR TOTAL COST P BAU - business COVID-19 PANI	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU) as usual DEMIC COST PRESSURES rices CTRS	117,000 198,000 2,818,753 Per Month					usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable. Based upon current claimant levels - full year impact £350,000 Based on the finanical support provided by
SUB TOTAL GR TOTAL COST P BAU - business COVID-19 PANI Corporate Serv	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU) as usual DEMIC COST PRESSURES CTRS	117,000 198,000 2,818,753 Per Month 29,167					usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable. Based upon current claimant levels - full year impact £350,000
SUB TOTAL GR TOTAL COST P BAU - business COVID-19 PANI Corporate Serv	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU) as usual DEMIC COST PRESSURES rices CTRS	117,000 198,000 2,818,753 Per Month 29,167					usually covered by in year virements but this is no longer sustainable. Based upon current claimant levels - full year impact £350,000 Based on the finanical support provided by WG Hardship Fund for 2020/2021 (full
SUB TOTAL GR TOTAL COST P BAU - business COVID-19 PANI Corporate Serv	Waste Services - Transfer Station (Operated by Silent Valley) ROWTH / NEW RESPONSIBILITIES PRESSURES / GROWTH (BAU) as usual DEMIC COST PRESSURES rices CTRS	117,000 198,000 2,818,753 Per Month 29,167					Based upon current claimant levels - full year impact £350,000 Based on the finanical support provided by WG Hardship Fund for 2020/2021 (full year impact £2,484,000): Based on 132 placements - £50 per week

		207,000
Environment		
	Additional Cleaning Costs Loss of School Meal Income / Increased costs for FSM	8,333 48,680
	Waste Services	90,167
	Trade Waste	3,000
	Environmental Health - Capacity	12,280
	Homelessness - Provision of temporary accomodation	33,145
	General Offices	1,083 196,688
Economy	Industrial Units	12,417
		12,417
All Portfolios	Enhanced Infection Control	
SUB TOTAL - C	OVID-19	445,272

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		Strategic Business Reviews	ess Revie	SMi							
			Achiev 2021	Estimated Achievement 2021/2022	Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	ated ement 2023	Estimated Achievement 2023/2024	ated ement 2024	Estimated Achievement 2024/2025	Estimated chievement 2024/2025	BRAG
Review	Outcome Statement	Scope & Update	0003 E0000	High £000	0003	High £000	F000	High £000	Low £000	High £000	
Maximising Income	<u>ome</u>				4						
Industrial	Support a		0	0	0	20	0	100	20	200	
Portfolio	fairer sustainable economy and community	Scope of the Review. To review the Council's Industrial Unit Portfolio to identify areas for improvement and opportunities for change to ensure the service operates to maximise income and income efficiency in our net income streams. Progress Update: The Covid19 pandemic has disrupted much of the planned work although some prioritised work has continued. The majority of resources we have has been spent on responsive business support and preparation and administration of various grants that have been managed by the Business and Innovation and Finance Teams. This work has taken most of the available resource away from the planned work and channelled it into a response for businesses facing hardship during the pandemic. The consultant's report was received in the summer, during lockdown and an action plan is being reviewed by the internal officer group in line with the original aims, but taking into account the disruption being caused by the pandemic. The key to ensuring delivery is the recruitment of a Team Manager for the Industrial Portfolio. Three rounds of recruitment during the last six months has been unsuccessful, and could be to do with the pandemic and current market disruption. We will be going out for recruitment for one final time either before or after Christmas, if this round of current market disruption. We will be going out for recruitment for one final time either before or after Christmas, if this round of current market disruption. The reduction in income for this year and future years is tied up in the effects of the pandemic on business	tfolio to ic maximise hof the plusen speconen man le resourcuriginal air ment of a nas been one fina other opticio other optico other opticio other optico other opticio other opticio other optico other opticio other optico othe	lentify are income anned we not on restaged by the away pandem by bandem by but ta are incomedions for constant incompleted.	eas for in and incor and incor sponsive the Busin from the ic. ockdown king into lanager fasful, and ther befor ther befor allowery of dup in the second of	ne efficience busines busines ess and planner account or the In 1 could the act or all the act o	ency in central ency in central ency in central ency in central as support the distribution plant fler. Christion plants of the ts of ts of the ts of ts	opporture opporture our net ir our net ir our and pron and pron and pron and pron and pron british operation of the outling outline outling outling outling outline outline outling outline outline outl	nities for the first result on both for the nities for the nitie	ntinued. ion and Teams. it into a wed by used by used by used by used by	

months and discussions with businesses on delayed payment arrangements on rental. We have not been able to fully quantify the numbers yet but we are currently estimating 25-30% of businesses closing completely or possibly downsizing out of our portfolio. It will take a while to market the vacated units back out to businesses and so this will represent another delay in achieving the current income budget.	Work Completed One of the report actions was around prioritising improvements to those units that could not be let due to the buildings being unfit, but would attract a good income if they were improved. Work has started on this action with Roseheyworth South site being completed in March 2020.	Further improvements will be started on other units once completion of the building surveying work which is being undertaken at the moment. Work has continued through the last six months on changing to more modern leases across the whole portfolio.	

			Estimated Achievement	Estimated Achievement	nated	Estimated Achievement	ated	Estimated Achievement	ated	BRAG Status
			2021/2022	2022/2023	2023	2023/2024	2024	2027	2024/2025	
Review	Outcome Statement	Scope & Update	Low High £000 £000	Low £000	High £000	F000	High £000	F000	High £000	
Commercial	Protect and		0 0	23	23	64	64	96	96	
Waste	enhance onr	Scope of Review:								
	environment	To roll out a new Commercial Waste service	e borough wide.	A capital	bid was	submitt	∋d to We	lsh		
	and infractructure to	Government to purchase a new bespoke vehicle and receptacles.	new bespoke vehicle and receptacles. The bid was successful and secured	acles. I	he bid w	as succe	esstul an	d secure	ō	
	benefit our	During the financial year 2019/2020, the Trade Waste Service will undergo a full revamp with an	ade Waste Servic	se will ur	idergo a	full reva	mp with	an		
	communities	implementation date of 1st April 2020.			A					
	An ambitious	Progress Update:								
	and innovative				•		;	•		
	Council delivering the	Due to Covid-19 the new Trade Waste Service has not been implemented in 2020/21 and therefore the estimated achievement target for 2020/2021 will not be met.	ade Waste Service has not beer let for 2020/2021 will not be met.	implem r	ented in	2020/21	and the	refore th	Φ	
	quality services	The service is still waiting for the new hespake vehicles to be delivered in order to roll out the service In	yehicles to h	a deliver	ביים יו	er to roll	the day	acivida		
	to our communities	addition, the impact of the national and local lockdowns on local businesses has meant a suspension of collections from a large number of customers and a phased reintroduction of collections as regulations have	al lockdowns on lers and a phased	ocal busi reintrodu	inesses I action of	nas mea	nt a sus ns as re	pension o	of have	
		allowed.)		
		The estimated achievement per year has been reviewed and it is anticipated that the earliest any growth in income can be achieved is for 2022/2023 financial year.	een reviewed and nancial year.	d it is an	ticipated	that the	earliest	any grow	th in	
			,							

			Estimated Achievement 2021/2022	Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	nated ement 2023	Estimated Achievement 2023/2024	ated ment 024	Estimated Achievement 2024/2025		BRAG Status
Review	Outcome Statement	Scope	Low High £000 £000	F000	High £000	Low £000	High £000	Low Hi £000	High £000	
Income	An ambitious		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Recovery	and innovative Council delivering the quality services we know matter to our communities	Scope of the Review: To review current income recovery activities to ensure best / efficient practices in place. Objectives of the review will be to ensure: • Income recovery policies are appropriate and include early intervention actions • agreed Fees & charges are implemented • payment in advance of service delivery (where appropriate) thereby avoiding costs of issuing invoices • asy access to various payment methods • use of technology is maximised Progress Update: During 2019/20 progress had been made in relation to reallocation of income to the more recent debt which increased the Council's in year collection rate and minimises the risk to debtors of further recovery action (provided agreed arrangements are complied with). In addition, colleagues from Revenues & Benefits began trialling a project with Flying Start colleagues to engage residents at an earlier stage – the aim to help identify whether people struggling financially are accessing the benefits and support schemes available to them. Unfortunately, these activities have been suspended as a result of Covid 19. The pandemic has had a significant impact on income recovery levels during 2020/21 and potentially future years however the £54,000 included within the budget has been achieved by staffing reductions.	be to ensure: licies are appropriate and include early intervention actions ges are implemented of service delivery (where appropriate) thereby avoiding costs of issuing us payment methods maximised maximised Revenues & Benefits began trialling a project with Flying Start colleagues to ents are compiled with). Revenues & Benefits began trialling a project with Flying Start colleagues to ents are compiled with). guidentify whether people struggling financially are support schemes available to them. Unfortunately, these activities have been yid 19. guificant impact on income recovery levels during 2020/21 and potentially futt included within the budget has been achieved by staffing reductions.	/ efficient e early in scation o's the risk illing a pr fy whethe em. Unfo	t practice terventio hereby a fincome to debto oject with a people rtunately s during ieved by	is in place in actions to the more of furtly in strugglir strugglir these a staffing restaffing res	e. osts of is or recentation grinance ctivities and pote eduction	ssuing nt debt wh very action eagues to sially are have been entially futt	ich - Green -	

BRAG			
Estimated Achievement 2024/2025	High £000	100	with Covidancial conue this ebt
Estir Achiev 200	F000	100	ecovery. cluded come ta cted by (The fina ernment. act that t act that t inding de
Estimated Achievement 2023/2024	High £000	100	ull cost rand which in mg the in mgs etc). Ish Gow the imps angeme or outsta
Estir Achie	1000 1000	100	eflects frest frest frest frest frest frest frest from weld from wells given such as shflow
Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	High £000	100	es that rieve. In Marche was ve been ried to Come leve ome leve ome recome reco
Estir Achiev 2022	1000 1000	100	nd charg over ach / Counci eas, inco arges havaste, day nardship mal inco our inco
Estimated Achievement 2021/2022	High £000	100	of fees ar fees ar fees ar greed by greed by the fees and charated by the fees and develop develop is and help
Estir Achiev 2021	0003 0003	0	setting o udget lin udget lin i a numb i a numb i a numb i a numb i e to retu wed, upo charges
	Scope		Scope of the Review: To review and develop an approach to the setting of fees and charges that reflects full cost recovery. With options to create stretch targets on those budget lines that over achieve. Progress Update: The Fees & Charges Register for 2020/2021 was agreed by Council in March 2020, which included increases in fees from cash flat to 5.5%. In a number of areas, income was exceeding the income target and stretched targets were applied. However, fees and charges have been significantly affected by Covid-19 as some services were temporarily suspended (bulky waste, day services, weddings etc). The financial impact on income loss for 2020/2021 is being mitigated by hardship funding from welsh Government. However, it may take a longer period of time to return to normal income levels given the impact that the pandemic has had on the environment. The Fees & Charges Register will be reviewed, updated and presented to Council alongside the Revenue budget setting process. We have secured Digital Transformation funding to develop our income recovery arrangements and this should assist with up front collection of any charges and help improve any cashflow or outstanding debt issues.
	Outcome Statement	An ambitious	and innovative Council delivering the quality services we know matter to our communities
	Review	Fees and	Charges

			Estimated Achievement 2021/2022		Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	Estimated Achievement 2023/2024	ted 9ment 124	Estimated Achievement 2024/2025		Status
ဝ ဇ	Outcome Statement	Scope	Low High £000 £000	F000	High £000	Low £000	High £000	Low High £000 £000	도 0	
٨	An ambitious		0 0	20	20			50 50	0	
activity, all investment and C	and innovative Council	Scope of the Review: This strategic review will focus on identifying additional commercial opportunities to supplement the current	additional com	mercial o	opportuni	ties to su	ameladi	nt the curre	nt	
	quality services we know matter to our communities	Fees and charges Fees and charges Developing the Industrial Portfolio Current income from traded or shared services Current income from traded or shared services Current income from traded or shared services Investment in energy and low carbon activities Investment or development of assets and property The review will include: Service and baseline review of current commercial activities Opportunities to charge for discretionary services Opportunities to charge for discretionary services Opportunities for further traded or shared services Opportunities or further traded or shared services. Progress on Update: This is linked very strongly to other Strategic Business Reviews and has a focus on additional commercial opportunities. This has been significantly affected by the impact of COVID. There are a number of actions that will be reignified in 2021/22 including a review of all trading accounts to establish if our current traded services are operating in a commercial manner.	d services ugh and out of t activities and property nt commercial ared services ared services. Business Revifected by the in eview of all tracener.	the Boroulews and Thact of (has a foo SOVID	cus on ac There are stablish	dditional e a numk if our cur	commercia ber of actior rent traded		

BRAG				
Estimated Achievement 2024/2025	High £000		220	s. d and ess orate of of support enefits.
Estir Achie	Low £000		250	services s gainec fficiencie supplier ment te ment te ements srcially cards as social b
Estimated Achievement 2023/2024	High £000		220	all of its money i make eract and eract and chas pay comme comme comme arrange comme arrange is comme arrange inchase mic and
Estin Achiev 2023	1000 1000		250	alue for empt to empt to empt to empt to orth vantage vareas su areas su lin more use of pu commerce e econol
Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	High £000		220	suppliers ensure v er will att act more ac more ac users. Sosts in averal suppressed to and comaximis maximis
Estin Achiev 2022/	F000		250	aken to dact, office act, office oning, proving,
Estimated Achievement 2021/2022	High £000	4	220	with thin will be to the contra on contra cost red cost reduction in reduction in reductions as the etco counts are ensure on attain an
Estin Achiev 2021	0003		250	contracts all steps ycle of th ycle of th ach to cc an be id nation of nade av resulted chail w nent disc tracts to ctivities
	Scope			Scope of the Review: The Council holds a number of high value contracts with third party suppliers across all of its services. When re-procuring at the end of a contract all steps will be taken to ensure value for money is gained and savings achieved. Similarly during the life cycle of the contract, officer will attempt to make efficiencies where possible. Progress on Update: Significant in year focus has been on the renewal / re-negotiations of a number of the Council's corporate ICT contracts which have realised a combination of cost reductions, more advantageous payment terms and additional / enhanced functionalities being made available to system users. In year competitive tendering activities has resulted in reduced unit costs in areas such as provision of agency staffing and mobile telephony etc. Proactive contract management has avoided annual increases in several supply type arrangements including: MFD's, cleaning materials, confidential waste etc and has resulted in more commercially favourable payment terms inc. early settlement discounts and an increased use of purchase cards as the preferred method of payment. Officers will continue to review existing contracts to ensure compliance and commercial benefit and support client departments in their future scouring activities in an attempt to maximise economic and social benefits.
	Outcome Statement	urces	An ambitious	and innovative Council delivering the quality services we know matter to our communities
	Review	Maximising Resources	Third party	expenditure – commissioning, procurement and contract management

			Estimated Achievement 2021/2022	ated ment 022	Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	ated ement 2023	Estimated Achievement 2023/2024	ated ement 2024	Estimated Achievement 2024/2025	stimated nievement 2024/2025	BRAG Status
Review	Outcome Statement	Scope	Low £000	High £000	Low £000	High £000	Low £000	High £000	Low £000	High £000	
Assets and	Support a fairer		20	100	150	210	0	0	0	0	
Property	sustainable economy and community	Scope of the Review: The Council has a range of property assets that is maintains and has a cost pressure relating to its The Council has a range of property assets that is maintains and has a cost pressure relating to its Corporate Landlord role. This review will undertake a strategic review of these assets to ascertain their value to the Council both in financial terms and what service value they afford. The aim of this strategic business review is to identify how best to maximise these assets to strengthen our balance sheet. It will consider the future use of the assets and identify those that may provide opportunities for development, commercialisation or sale. This review would include buildings and green spaces and will align with the growth strategy. Progress Update: Cook and Arkwright commissioned to carry out a rates review on council owned property. A number of appeals have been submitted and if successful will reduce the Council's NNDR liability. A programme of disposals of non operation buildings have been developed for 2020 to 2023 and it is anticipated that cost reductions will be achieved.	that is mand what and what and what laximise the entify those and include to carry out if successeration be achieved.	a strateg service nese as: se that r se that r seful will uildings ed.	and has value th sets to s may provide and ges	is a cost post post post post post post post p	iressure ie assett i. The a n our ba ortunities aces and loped foi	relating to asce im of this lance short devorement of the short devolution in the short land and properties to the short land and pr	to its rain the s strateg eet. It v elopmer n with th lity.	their ategic It will ment, th the 23 and it is	

			Estimated Achievement 2021/2022	Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	ement 2023	Estimated Achievement 2023/2024		Estimated Achievement 2024/2025	stimated iievement 2024/2025	BRAG Status
Review	Outcome Statement	Scope	Low High £000 £000	F000	High £000	H 0003	High 1	F000	High £000	
Maximising Enablers	lers									
Customer	An ambitious		0 50	20	20	20	20	20	20	
Experience	and innovative Council delivering the quality services we know matter to our communities	Scope of the Review: Better customer experience should lead to reduced cost for the Council. This Strategic Business Review w consider the most frequent customer contact issues and review the end to end experience from the customer view. Changes and improvements in those experiences will be developed to enable customer to resolve their issues seamlessly, enabling them to self-serve as much as possible to ensure our resources are deployed for those you cannot self-serve. Progress Update: Covid-19 has delay6ed the deployment of full end to end process review.	should lead to reduced cost for the Council. This Strategic Business Review will customer contact issues and review the end to end experience from the nd improvements in those experiences will be developed to enable customer to ssly, enabling them to self-serve as much as possible to ensure our resources cannot self-serve. deployment of full end to end process review.	the Cour iew the e ences wi as much	ncil. This and to en III be dev as possiew.	s Strategic id experien eloped to e sible to ens	Busine ice fron enable ure our	ss Revie n the custome resourc	w will str to ses	
Work Place	An ambitious		50 50	20	20	20	20	20	20	
Transformation	and innovative Council delivering the quality services we know matter to our communities	 Scope of the Review: Building on the first phase of work place transformation this strategic business review is design to: Identify cost savings in relation to ICT expenditure and contract management Review the print and telephony arrangements to reduce costs Implement a digital strategy to maximise the use of technology Realise the benefits of Office 365 and collaborative working tools and reduce duplication of other solutions Enable remote working to release dependency on our building (linked to the assets and property Strategic Review) Develop our employee offer and become an employer or choice. Progress Update: The impact of Office 365, a review of telephony, mail and other departmental budgets as a result of the change in working practices should realise the target. 	of work place transformation this strategic business review is design to: in relation to ICT expenditure and contract management to ICT expenditure and contract management to ICT expenditure and contract management storeduce costs strategy to maximise the use of technology of Office 365 and collaborative working tools and reduce duplication of other ICT ing to release dependency on our building (linked to the assets and property and become an employer or choice.	strategic nd contra uce costs echnolog vorking to ir building sice.	busines ict mana iv iv jy jols and g (linked	s review is gement reduce dul to the asset budgets as	design plicatio ets and s a resu	n of othe	er ICT	

			Estimated Achievement 2021/2022	Estimated Achievement 2022/2023	ement 2023	Estimated Achievement 2023/2024	ement 2024	Estimated Achievement 2024/2025	stimated nevement 2024/2025	BRAG Status
Review	Outcome Statement	Scope	Low High £000 £000	Low £000	High £000	0003	High £000	0003	High £000	
Growth & Investment Strategy	ment Strategy				-				-	
Growth Strategy	Support a fairer sustainable		150 150	300	300	100	100	100	100	
3	economy and	Scope of Review:								
	community &	Our Growth Strategy describes our ambition for developing our Borough and creating new communities.	for developing α	our Boro	ugh and	creating	new col	mmunitie	es.	
	Protect and	This will involve a programme of housing development that will see an impact on our revenue streams	evelopment that	will see	ın impac	t on our	revenue	streams	σ.	
	enhance our	through increase Council Tax. This will contribute to the MTFS and is a critical element of building strong	tribute to the MT	FS and	is a critic	al eleme	ant of bu	lding str	ong.	
	environment and	communities.								
	infrastructure to	Progress Update:								
	benefit our									
	communities	Council approved the Removal of the Empty Property Discount Allowance which allows the authority to use discretionary powers to remove the level of council tax discount in respect of dwelling that were classified as long term empty properties. The removal of the discount increased the amount of council tax the Council	val of the Empty Property Discount Allowance which allows the authority to us ove the level of council tax discount in respect of dwelling that were classified. The removal of the discount increased the amount of council tax the Council	unt Allov unt in re	vance whispect of	dwelling	ws the all that we	uthority tre classi	to use ified as	
					5	5			5	
		House building within the borough has continued with a number of new dwellings now occupied. This will	inued with a num	ber of n	ew dwell	ings nov	v occupik	ed. This	will .	
		continue to increase the council tax base and increase council tax collection.	nd Increase coun	cii tax co	ollection.					
Low Carbon	Protect and enhance our		0 0	200	350	200	350	200	350	
	environment	Develop a Low Carbon Plan which sets out an ambitious vision and targets for BG to become a Low Carbon	an ambitious vis	ion and	targets fo	or BG to	pecome	a Low (Sarbon	
	and infrastructure to	Borough and supports the corporate objectives of being a more Efficient Council and Strong & Environmentally Smart Communities;	ves of being a m	ore Effic	ient Cou	ncil and	Strong {	~×		
	benefit our									
		 Assessment of current carbon footprint to identify current good practice, gaps and opportunities to 	rint to identify cu	rrent go	od practi	ce, gaps	and op	oortunitie	es to	
		move towards being low carbon;	1							

contribution towards a low carbon target – nore efficient council, this will include where e Borough' approach utilising (for example) th Forum, Leisure Trust and other existing	g place across the Region through CCRCD,	2020-2030 has been completed and presented to and approved by Council on 24 Plan will be delivered through critical projects including:			vices ates due to Covid-19, one area is ness meetings. This is an example of how it	1,000 1,173 1,733 864 1,414 946 1,546	
 Identify Council operations which can make a significant contribution towards a low carbon target – property, fleet, digital, energy, schools, housing – and a more efficient council, this will include where investment is needed to achieve outcomes; Community and Partner engagement to achieve a 'Whole Borough' approach utilising (for example) Public Service Board, Town & Community Councils, Youth Forum, Leisure Trust and other existing partnerships: 	Identify links to Regeneration Themes and projects taking place across the Region through CCRCD, Valleys Task Force and Tech Valleys; Progress Update:	The Decarbonisation Plan 2020-2030 has been completed and presented to and September 2020 and this Plan will be delivered through critical projects including:	 Strategic property Review Depot Review Future of Silent Valley 	 Energy Prospectus Workplace Transformation Fleet Review 	 Considering how the Council procures & commission services There have been significant changes to the way the council operates due to Covid-19, one area is homeworking and the reduction in travel for commuting and business meetings. This is an example of how it 	is possible to reduce emissions without cutting delivery of services to the public. 500 1,000 1,173 1,733 8	
						TOTAL ESTIMATED	(@ November 2020)

Managing Demand		
Prevention and early intervention services	Social Services & Education	Scope of Review This review will focus on an evaluation of the long term impact of prevention and early intervention on reducing the requirement for high cost services and better outcomes for our most vulnerable residents. Progress Update: In terms of Prevention and Early Intervention then there has been no progress given the impact the pandemic has had on both directorates and we will look to restart meetings in the future when we have the second wave of the virus under control.
Maximising Enablers		
Using data to deliver better services Reducing demand by changing behaviours	An ambitious and innovative Council delivering the quality services we know matter to our communities	Scope of Review: Becoming a 21st Century Council means using data and insight to drive decision making. This Strategic Business Review will identify opportunities for the sharing of data to design services and target our resources to deliver outcomes for our residents. Progress Update: Data insight work has progressed with the main focus on supporting the response to CV19 Pandemic. In the initial phases this include supporting the locality teams and data analysis on shielding residents. An intelligence hub has been established with representation from across Directorates. key data work streams to support the ongoing response are progressing including Learners; supporting public protection and required Data Cymru returns and community based data modelling including care homes and contact tracing. Data work on economic impact forecasting and modelling is also being undertaken.

